FIITJEE MEDICAL TEST SAMPLE PAPER For students presently in Class – 8

Biology, Physics & Chemistry – PAPER - 2

Time Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 540

Instructions

Caution: Class, Paper, Code as given above MUST be correctly marked in the answer OMR sheet before attempting the paper. Wrong Class, Paper or Code will give wrong results.

1. This Question Paper contains only **3 Sections**. All questions will be Multiple Choice with single correct option out of four choices. The marking scheme is as per the table given below:

		Question No.	Marking Scheme	for each questions
Section	Subject		Correct Answer	Wrong Answer
Section – I	Biology	Q.NO: 1 to 45	+4	-1
Section - II	Physics	Q.NO: 1 to 45	+4	-1
Section - III	Chemistry	Q.NO: 1 to 45	+4	-1

- 2. Answers have to be marked on the OMR sheet. The Question Paper contains blank spaces for your rough work. No additional sheets will be provided for rough work.
- 3. Blank papers, clip boards, log tables, slide rule, calculator, cellular phones, pagers and electronic devices, in any form, are not allowed.
- 4. Before attempting paper write your Registration Number, Name and Test Centre in the space provided at the bottom of this sheet
 - **Note:** Please check this Question Paper contains all **135** questions. If not so, exchange for the correct Question Paper.

Bi	ology			Section - I
		Straight Objective	Туре	
	ology contains 45 multiple choice quest of which ONLY ONE is correct.	stions numbered 1 to 45	. Each question has 4 ch	noices (A), (B), (C) and (D),
1.	The network of tube-like structures r (A) Golgi complex (C) endoplasmic reticulum	running through the cytop	blasm is called (B) mitochondria (D) ribosomes	
2.	Pathogenic micro-organisms presen (A) pain killer	it in host cells are killed t (B) antibodies	by medicines called (C) antibiotics	(D) vaccines
3.	Cristae are the modification of the in (A) Mitochondria (C) Endoplasmic reticulum	iner membrane of	(B) Golgibody (D) Nucleus	
4.	Which of the following human activit(A) Using animal parts as traditional(B) Encouraging hunting as a sport.(C) Using animal parts as decorative(D) All of these	medicines.	ction of species?	
5.	Human activities like agriculture, set (A) Core zone	ttlements, forestry are all (B) Buffer zone	owed in which zone of b (C) Transition zone	iosphere reserve? (D) Natural zone
6.	Which of the following is not an <i>in si</i> (A) Hotspot	<i>itu</i> conservation? (B) Biosphere reserves	(C) National park	(D) Zoo
7.	Fallowing is the process of (A) Ploughing (C) Leaving the field empty		(B) Irrigating (D) Sowing	
8.	Which of the following is a rabi crop (A) Wheat	(B) Ground nut	(C) Maize	(D) Sugarcane
9.	Wild buffalo is an endangered speci (A) its population is diminishing (C) it is found exclusively in a partice		(B) it has become extine(D) its poaching is strict	
		0	. .	

Page	e – 2	(CLASS 8TO9 SAMPLE PA	APER 2 (BPC)
	Which one of the following changes (A) Decrease in atmospheric tempe (C) Increased chances of floods.		ertification? (B) Increase in water holding capacity of soil. (D) Conversion of fertile land into a desert.	
	The inner membrane of mitochondr (A) matrix	ia forms crests called (B) cristae	(C) vesicles	(D) cisternae
	Variously coloured plastids are calle (A) leucoplasts	ed (B) chloroplasts	(C) chromoplasts	(D) all of these
	The two micro-organisms which live (A) fungus and protozoa (C) bacteria and protozoa	e in symbiotic association	n in lichens are (B) alga and bacteria (D) alga and fungus	
	The gas released during the prepar (A) oxygen	ation of bread is (B) carbon dioxide	(C) nitrogen	(D) sulphur dioxide
	Which disease is not transmitted by (A) Dengue (C) Brain fever or encephalitis	mosquitoes?	(B) Malaria (D) Pneumonia	
	Choose the wrong statement (A) High blood pressure is caused b (B) Cancers can be caused by gen (C) Peptic ulcers are caused by eat (D) Acne in not caused by staphylo	etic abnormalities ing acidic food	lack of exercise.	
	 7. Which one of the following statements is true about a Biosphere Reserve? (A) It is a protected area where only endemic species live. (B) It is meant only for the conservation of plants and animals. (C) It is meant to conserve both, the biodiversity and the culture of that area. (D) There are no other protected areas within its limits. 			
	The colourless dense sap present in (A) cytoplasm	nside the nuclear memb (B) stroma	rane is called (C) matrix	(D) nucleoplasm

h carry information for protein s (B) genes	synthesis are called (C) centrioles	(D) centromere
is not a viral disease? (B) AIDS	(C) Typhoid	(D) Influenza
grows among every crop is (B) Chenopodium	(C) Convolvulus	(D) Wild oat
(B) Weeds	(C) Stones	(D) Rocks
ct that attacks (B) Wheat	(C) Sorghum	(D) Cotton
rvation of biodiversity in their n (B) ii & iii;	atural habitat are (ii) Botanical garden (iv) National park (C) iii & iv;	(D) i & iv
vely in a specific habitat. ever become endangered. zoos and botanical gardens.		
es are called (B) genome	(C) telomere	(D) karyotype
(B) Ribosomes	(C) grana	(D) nucleoplasm
is not a bacterial disease? (B) Tuberculosis	(C) Anthrax	(D) Influenza
disease is not transmitted by n (B) Malaria	nosquito? (C) Typhoid	(D) Dengue
	(B) genes is not a viral disease? (B) AIDS prows among every crop is (B) Chenopodium (B) Weeds ct that attacks (B) Wheat rvation of biodiversity in their n (B) ii & iii; statements is true about ender vely in a specific habitat. ever become endangered. zoos and botanical gardens. y the destruction of their habitat es are called (B) Ribosomes is not a bacterial disease? (B) Tuberculosis disease is not transmitted by n	is not a viral disease? (B) AIDS (C) Typhoid grows among every crop is (B) Chenopodium (C) Convolvulus (B) Weeds (C) Stones (C) Stones (C) Stones (C) Stones (C) Sorghum rvation of biodiversity in their natural habitat are (ii) Botanical garden (iv) National park (B) ii & iii; (C) iii & iv; statements is true about endemic species? vely in a specific habitat. ever become endangered. zoos and botanical gardens. y the destruction of their habitat. es are called (B) Ribosomes (C) grana is not a bacterial disease? (B) Tuberculosis (C) Anthrax

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30.	The practice of growing a cereal cr called	op and the pulse crop a	ternately in the same fie	eld in successive season is
	(A) crop rotation	(B) harvesting	(C) winnowing	(D) threshing
31.	(A) Neem leaves	ect grains from microbes (B) Turmeric	(C) Castor oil	(D) Rice powder
32.	Which one of the following has a lor (A) chewing tobacco	ng term effect on the hea (B) chicken pox	lth of an individual? (C) common cold	(D) stress
33.	Which statement is incorrect about (A) Their number has decreased dra (B) They might become extinct in th (C) They pose a danger to other and (D) Their natural habitat needs to be	astically. e near future. imals.		
34.	What do black buck, elephant, pythe (A) fauna	on and golden cat togeth (B) flora	er represent in a forest? (C) ecosystem	(D) species
35.	The semipermeable membrane in th (A) solute molecules (C) solute and solvent molecules	ne plant cell allows the di	ffusion of (B) solvent molecules (D) none of these	
36.	Entry of water into root hairs is an e (A) diffusion	xample of (B) imbibition	(C) osmosis	(D) plasmolysis
37.	Which one of the following disease (A) Typhoid	is caused by bacteria? (B) Anthrax	(C) Tuberculosis	(D) All of the above
38.	Which one of the following diseases (A) Malaria	s is caused by protozoan (B) Influenza	s? (C) AIDS	(D) Cholera
39.	is the Rice Bowl of Ta (A) Trichy	mil Nadu (B) Tirunelveli	(C) Thanjavur	(D) Madurai
40.	The following is not a tool for plough (A) Pick-axe	ning (B) Hoe	(C) Shovel	(D) Sickle

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41.	The Red Data Book keeps a record (i) endemic species only (iii) endangered plants also.		(ii) extinct species only (iv) endangered animals	
	(A) ii & iii;	(B) i & ii;	(C) iii & iv	(D) ii & iv.
42.	Migratory birds fly to far away areas in their habitat during that time are r (i) Unavailability of food. (iii) Over crowding.			nditions.
	(A) ii & iii;	(B) i & ii;	(C) i & iv	(D) ii & iv.
43.	In our country, large patches of fore such a practice will lead to (A) soil erosion	-	cultivation of crops. The (C) soil pollution	environmental impact of (D) soil fertility
44.	Gaseous exchange in plants takes p (A) epidermal cells	blace through (B) stomata	(C) stem	(D) vascular tissue
45.	When a cell is placed in strong salts (A) salt solution enters the cell (B) cytoplasm of the cell begins to d (C) water comes out of the cell to de (D) all of these	ecompose	se	

	nysics			Section - II
	-	Straight Object	ctive Type	
	ysics contains 45 multiple choice of which ONLY ONE is correct.	e questions numbered 1 to	o 45. Each question has 4	choices (A), (B), (C) and (D),
1.	Action – reaction forces			
	(A) act on the same body		(B) act on different bo	
	(C) act along different lines		(D) act in the same d	irection
2.	When a bus suddenly starts, th (A) Newton's first law (C) Newton's third law	e standing passengers le	an back wards in the bus. (B) Newton's second (D) None of Newton's	law
3.	If no force acts on a body, it will (A) get deshaped (B) move with increasing speed (C) either remain at rest or mov (D) break	ł	ady it is in that state.	
4.	A driver accelerates his car firs exerted by the engines will be r		and then at the rate of 1.2	m/s ² . The ratio of the forces
	(A) 2:3	(B) 1:2	(C) 2 :1	(D) 3 : 2
5.	(A) 2:3 If you are asked to push an ob			
5.	(A) 2:3If you are asked to push an obrequired will be		on produced in it is now to	
5.	(A) 2:3 If you are asked to push an ob			vice as before, then the force
5.	 (A) 2:3 If you are asked to push an obrequired will be (A) twice as before (C) same as before A scooter of mass 120 kg is more 	ject so that the accelerati	on produced in it is now tw (B) half as before (D) four times as befo	vice as before, then the force
	(A) 2:3If you are asked to push an obrequired will be(A) twice as before(C) same as before	ject so that the accelerati	on produced in it is now tw (B) half as before (D) four times as befo	vice as before, then the force

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8.	Two forces of 75 N and F N acts or value of F is	n a body of mass 2 kg. T	he acceleration on a sm	nooth surface is 2m/s ² . The
	(A) 81 N	(B) 79 N	(C) 77 N	(D) 73 N
9.	A ball of mass 1 kg is accelerating a (A) 1 kg m/s^2	t the rate of 1 m/s ² . The (B) 2 kg m/s ²	rate of change of mome (C) 3 kgm/s ²	entum is (D) 4 kg m/s ²
10.	A person holds a weight W and jump (A) W	os from the 2 nd floor of a (B) 3 W	building. During jump, h (C) 1.5 W	ne experiences a weight of (D) zero
11.	A piece of ice is floating in a Jar con (A) rises (C) remains unchanged	taining water. When the	(B) falls	l of water: ding upon the mass of ice.
12.	Consider a porter standing on a pla this force as action. The reaction fo (A) the head on the suitcase (C) the earth on the porter		nich presses his head w (B) the earth on the suit (D) the suitable on the e	case
13.	Pascal is a unit of (A) pressure	(B) force	(C) linear momentum	(D) energy
14.	The buoyant force on a body acts in (A) vertically downward direction (C) horizontal direction	(B) vertically upward dir	ection he horizontal and the ver	tical.
15.	A body floats in a liquid if the buoyar (A) zero (C) less than its weight	nt force is	(B) greater than its weig (D) equal to its weight	ght

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16.	What will be the ratio of wavelength speed of first wave is twice that of the		aving frequency 10 ⁶ Hz	z. And 1.5×10^6 Hz. Given
	(Å) 1:3	(B) 3:1	(C) 3:2	(D) 2:3
17.	Which of the following changes whe (A) Frequency	n a wave passes from w (B) Wavelength	ater into air? (C) Intensity	(D) Both (A) and (C)
18.	A man standing between two cliffs second after the initial sound. If the (A) 1650 m.			
19.	Which of the following remains unch (A) Speed	anged when a wave pas (B) Wavelength	eses from one medium to (C) Frequency	another? (D) None of the above
20.	Echoes are produced due to: (A) Reflection (C) Resonance		(B) Refraction (D) All the above are co	rrect
21.	The bells of a college or temple are (A) Producing sound of high-pitch (C) Producing sound of high-quality	made of large size. It is t	ior: (B) Producing loud sour (D) Show	nd
22.	The wavelength of sound in air is 10 (A) 330 cycles per sec. (C) 30 mega cycle per sec.	ocm. Its frequency is:	(B) 3.3 kilo cycle per se (D) 3×10^9 Cycle per se	
23.	The speed of sound waves having frequency 512 Hz. is:	a frequency of 256 Hz.	Compared with the spee	ed of sound wave that has
	(A) Half as great(C) Twice as great		(B) The same(D) Four times as great	
24.	Of the material mentioned below the (A) Water	e speed of sound is large (B) Steel	st in: (C) Vacuum	(D) Air

S	pace	for	rough	work

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	Sound waves transfer: (A) Charge (C) Only momentum		(B) Only energy (D) Both energy and m	nomentum
	2 ampere current is flowing through (A) 20 Ω	a conductor from a 10vc (B) 5 Ω	It emf source then resis (C) 12 Ω	stance of conductor is (D) 8 Ω
	20 coulomb charge is flowing in 0.3 amperes will be (A) 10	5 second from a point ir (B) 40	an electric circuit ther (C) 0.005	n value of electric current in (D) 0.05
	A wire of resistance R is cut into ten (A) 0.01 R	equal parts which are th (B) 0.1 R	ien joined in parallel. Th (C) 10 R	ne new resistance is (D) 100 R
	In the circuits shown below the arr the voltmeter V reads 20 volts. The (A) slightly more than 5 ohms (B) slightly less than 5 ohms (C) exactly 5 ohms (D) None of the above			R WWW
	The number of electrons flowing p ampere, will be (A) 2.5×10 ¹⁸	er second through any (B) 6.25×10 ¹⁸	cross section of wire, i (C) 12.5×10 ¹⁸	f it carries a current of one (D) 5×10 ¹⁸
	A body floats in a liquid contained figure is falling under gravity. The up (A) Zero (B) Equal to weight of liquid displace	othrust on the body due t ed		

(C) Equal to weight of the body in air

(D) Equal to weight of the immersed body

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32.	A boy carries a fish in one hand & bucket, the weight now carried by h (A) is less than before (C) is same			
33.	A block of wood floats in water with (A) 3/2 g/c.c	2/3 of its volume subme (B) 1/3 g/c.c	rged. The density of woo (C) 1/2 g/c.c	d is (D) 2/3 g/c.c
34.	A brass cylinder weighs 90g in air, I (A) 80g	f the density of brass is § (B) 81g	9 g/cc, the weight of the o (C) 10g	cylinder in water is (D) 90g
35.	A body weighs ' W_1 ' in air & ' W_2 ' in (A) $\frac{W_1}{W_2}$		ity of material of the body (C) $\frac{W_1 - W_2}{W_2}$ (D)	
36.	When we change feeble sound to lo (A) Frequency	oud sound we increase its (B) Amplitude	s (C) Velocity	(D) Wavelength
37.	The distance between two consecu pass through any point per second, (A) 10 cm/sec			5 cm. If 2 complete waves (D) 15 cm/sec
38.	A tuning fork makes 256 vibrations of the tone emitted is (A) 0.56m	per second in air. When (B) 0.89m	n the velocity of sound is (C) 1.11m	s 330 m/s. then wavelength (D) 1.29m
39.	Velocity of sound is maximum in (A) Air	(B) Water	(C) Vacuum	(D) Steel
40.	The frequency of a sound wave is r wave will be (A) v	n and its velocity is v. If (B) 2v	the frequency is increase (C) 4v	ed to 4n, the velocity of the (D) v/4

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Space for rough work	Space	for	rough	work
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41. A man sets his watch by the so m/s	und of a siren place	d at a distance 1 km awa	y. If the velocity of sound is 330
(A) His watch is set 3 sec Faster(C) His watch is set correctly	r	(B) His watch is s (D) None of the a	
42. A man is standing between two and 3.5 s respectively, the distant (A) 1190 m	•	-	
 43. A man standing on a cliff claps velocity of sound in air is 340 m/ (A) 680 m 			
44. The frequency of a tuning fork is traversed while fork completes 3		l velocity of sound in air is	352 m/s. How far the sound has
(A) 3 m	(B) 13 m	(C) 23 m	(D) 33 m
45. The wavelength of the above wa		displacement	
(A) 50 cm (C) 10 cm	(B) 2 cm (D) 20 cm —	2 cm	50 cm
Space for rough work			

Straight Objective Type

Section - III

Chemistry contains 45 multiple choice questions numbered 1 to 45. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.

1.	Which of the following is an iron ore (A) Cinnabar	e? (B) Calamine	(C) Haematite	(D) Rock salt
2.	Pick the odd one out (A) Water	(B) Coal	(C) Sun	(D) Air
3.	Tidal energy is ar (A) Modern	esource. (B) Inexhaustible	(C) Non-conventional	(D) All of the above
4.	What is used in the manufacture of (A) Natural gas	synthetic fibres? (B) Petrol	(C) Petrochemicals	(D) Diesel
5.	Petrochemicals are obtained from (A) Petrol and diesel	(B) CNG & LPG	(C) Coal & petroleum	(D) Carbon dioxide
6.	The gas obtained from natural gas (A) Nitrogen	& used in the manufactu (B) Hydrogen		(D) Carbon dioxide
7.	Fires are caused in coal mines due (A) Coal gas	e to the release of (B) Methane	(C) Hydrogen	(D) Carbon monoxide
8.	CNG is a better substitute for (A) Petrol	(B) Diesel	(C) LPG	(D) All the above
9.	The anti-knocking agent added to p (A) TNT	betrol is (B) TCM	(C) TEL	(D) MCM
10.	The fuel transported through pipelin (A) LPG	nes and used directly as (B) Petrol	a fuel in homes & factori (C) Natural gas	es is (D) Diesel

CLASS 8TO9 SAMPLE PAPER	2	(BPC)	
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11.	The fraction of petroleum used in dr (A) Diesel	ry cleaning of clothes is (B) Kerosene	(C) Fuel oil	(D) Petrol
12.	Petrol is preferred for dry cleaning b (A) Can readily burn (C) is easily available	because it	(B) It highly volatile (D) is very light	
13.	Which fraction of petroleum has lub (A) LPG	ricating properties? (B) Gasoline	(C) Paraffin wax	(D) Diesel
14.	Which metal will replace copper from (A) Zn	m CuSO₄ solution? (B) Fe	(C) Mg	(D) All of them
15.	Arrange the metals A, B and C in or $A + BSO_4 \longrightarrow ASO_4 + B$ $B + 2CNO_3 \longrightarrow B(NO_3)_2 + 2C$ $A + C_2O \longrightarrow AO + 2C$ (A) $B > C > A$	rder of decreasing reactiv (B) B > A > C	vity keeping in view the f (C) A > C > B	ollowing reactions: (D) A > B > C
16.	Which one of the following is not a r (A) Gold	noble metal? (B) Platinum	(C) Iron	(D) Silver
17.	Which is not the characteristic prop (A) Ductile	erty of gold? (B) Highly reactive	(C) Malleable	(D) None of these
18.	Which of the following is not used for (A) Silver	or making ornament? (B) Gold	(C) Platinum	(D) Zinc
19.	Which is not the constituent of steel (A) Iron	? (B) Chromium	(C) Zinc	(D) None of these
20.	Which is not the constituent of bron (A) Copper	ze? (B) Tin	(C) Zinc	(D) None of these

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Space for rough work

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21.	Bromine is (A) A liquid at room temperature (C) A gas at room temperature		(B) A semi-solid at room (D) A solid at room tem	
22.	Galvanised iron is protected from ru (A) Hg	st, because it has a coat (B) Sn	ing of (C) Cr	(D) Zn
23.	Coal burns in air to produce (A) CO_2	(B) N ₂	(C) H ₂ O	(D) All of the above
24.	Which can absorb over 90% of its or (A) Rayon	wn mass of water and do (B) Gun cotton	bes not stick to wound? (C) Thiokol	(D) Saran
25.	Metals have (A) High melting and high boiling po (C) High melting and low boiling poin		(B) Low melting and lov (D) Low melting and hig	
26.	Buna-S is a synthetic copolymer of (A) Styrene and 1, 3-butadiene (C) 1, 3-butadiene and ethylene		(B) Styrene and ethyler (D) None of the above	ie
27.	The tip of the lead pencil is made of (A) Lead	(B) Graphite	(C) Zinc	(D) Charcoal
28.	Buna-N is a polymer of (A) 1, 3-butadiene and acrylonitrile (C) Styrene		(B) Acrylonitrile (D) None of the above	
29.	Sodium hydroxide is also known as (A) Caustic potash	(B) Caustic hydroxide	(C) Caustic soda	(D) None of these
30.	Nylon-6, 6 is a polymer of (A) Hexamethylene diamine and adi (C) Caprolactam	pic acid	(B) Hexamethylene dian(D) None of the above	nine and sebacic acid

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31. The carbon content is mild steel is(A) 0.1-5.0%	(B) 2.0-2.5%	(C) 0.05-0.25%	(D) Less than 0.1
32 is used to harden the rubber for(A) 1, 2-butadiene	tyre manufacture. (B) CaC ₂	(C) Wax	(D) Carbon black
 33. Correct statement is (A) ZnCO₃ is roasted to get ZnO (C) ZnS is calcinated to get ZnO 		(B) HgS is roasted to g (D) Cu ₂ S is calcinated	
34. The weakest interparticle forces ar(A) Thermosetting polymers(C) Fibres	e present in	(B) Thermoplastic poly (D) Elastomers	mers
35. Which metal is present in heamogl(A) Zinc	obin? (B) Iron	(C) Cobalt	(D) Nickel
36. The starting materials of PCTFE ar(A) Monochlorotrifluoro ethylene(C) Vinyl chloride	e	(B) Tetrafluoroethylene (D) Styrene	9
37. Water gas is a mixture of(A) CO and N₂	(B) CO_2 and H_2	(C) CO and H_2	(D) CO_2 and N_2
38. Cellulose is a condensation polyme(A) Maltose	er of (Β) β-glucose	(C) α-glucose	(D) β -fructose
39. Which is an ore of iron?(A) Haematite	(B) Magnetite	(C) Both (a) and (b)	(D) Galena
40. Which polymer is generally used in (A) Polyester	carry bags? (B) Bakelite	(C) Polyethylene	(D) Alkyl resin

41. Limestone on heating gives(A) Washing soda	(B) Plaster of Paris	(C) Quicklime	(D) Slaked lime
42. Which of the following does not cau(A) Burning of rubber	use pollution? (B) Burning of petrol	(C) Use of solar energy	r (D) Coal
43. Teflon is (A) PTFE	(B) PCTFE	(C) PVC	(D) none of these
44. Efflorescence is shown by(A) Bleaching powder	(B) Baking soda	(C) Washing soda	(D) Plaster of Paris
45. Which of the following is not a fibre (A) Terylene	? (B) Nylons	(C) Polyacrylonitrile	(D) Chloroprene

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	ANSWERKEY Section - I Biology			
1.C 6. D 11. B 16. C 21.A 26.C 31. D 36. C	2. C 7.C 12.C 17. C 22.B 27.B 32.A 37. D	3. A 8.A 13. D 18.D 23. A 28. D 33. C 38. A	4. D 9. A 14. B 19. B 24.C 29. C 34. A 39. C	5. C 10. D 15. D 20. C 25.A 30. A 35. C 40. D
41. C	42. B	43. A	44.B	45.C
		Sectio Phys		
1.B	2.A	3.C	4.D	5.A
6.B 11.C 16. B 21. A 26 B 31 A 36.B 41.B	7.C 12.A 17. B 22. B 27 B 32 C 37.A 42.B	8.B 13.A 18. C 23. B 28 A 33 D 38.D 43.D	9.A 14.B 19. C 24. B 29 A 34 A 39.D 44. D	10.D 15.D 20. A 25. D 30 B 35 D 40.A 45.D
		Section		
1. C 6. A 11. D 16. C 21. A 26.A 31.C 36.A 41.C	2. B 7. B 12.B 17. B 22. D 27.B 32.D 37.C 42.C	Chem 3. D 8. D 13.B 18. D 23. A 28.A 33.B 38.B 43.A	4. C 9. C 14.D 19. C 24. A 29.C 34.D 39.C 44.C	5.C 10.A 15.D 20.C 25. A 30.A 35.B 40.C 45.D